SAFETY DATA SHEET



Heavy Duty Stripper

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : Heavy Duty Stripper

Product code : 104 BRI
Other means of : Not available.

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Floor Stripper

identification

Uses advised against

Not applicable.

Supplier's details : BradyPLUS

7055 Lindell Road Las Vegas, NV 89118 (877) 788-PLUS BradyPLUS.com

Emergency telephone

number

: Chemtrec (800) 424-9300 24 hour

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This r

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Cause

: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing: Recommended: Chemical resistant

gloves. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: splash goggles. Wash thoroughly

after handling.

Response: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or

hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or doctor.

Storage : Store locked up.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/18/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 0.01 1/15

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification : Mixture

: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
2-butoxyethanol	≤5	111-76-2
2-aminoethanol	≤3	141-43-5
Fatty acids, tall-oil, sodium salts	≤3	61790-45-2
Silicic acid, sodium salt	≤3	1344-09-8
sodium hydroxide	≤3	1310-73-2
sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate	≤1.7	25155-30-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Date of issue/Date of revision: 10/18/2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 0.012/15

Section 4. First aid measures

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions

for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

3/15 Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/18/2024 Date of previous issue Version: 0.01 : No previous validation

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/18/2024 Version: 0.01 4/15 Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
2-butoxyethanol	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 23 ppin 6 hours. TWA: 120 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 24 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 30 ppm o nodis. TWA: 240 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 97 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
2-aminoethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 7.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 8 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	TWA: 3 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 8 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 6 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). STEL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 8 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.
Fatty acids, tall-oil, sodium salts	None.
Silicic acid, sodium salt sodium hydroxide	None.
Souldin Hydroxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). C: 2 mg/m ³
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	CEIL: 2 mg/m³
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	CEIL: 2 mg/m³ OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	C: 2 mg/m³
sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate	None.
Biological exposure indices	

Biological exposure indices

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 10/18/2024
 Date of previous issue
 : No previous validation
 Version
 : 0.01
 5/15

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2022) BEI: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (BAA) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Recommended: splash goggles

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: Chemical resistant gloves

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Red.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/18/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 0.01 6/15

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Odor : Cherry. Ether-like.

Odor threshold : Not available. pH : 13 to 13.9 **Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.

Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range

: Not available.

: Closed cup: 250°C (482°F) [Product does not sustain combustion.] Flash point

Flammability : Not available. Lower and upper explosion

limit/flammability limit

: Not available.

Vapor pressure

	Vapor Pressure at 20°C		e at 20°C	Va	e at 50°C	
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
water	17.5	2.3				
2-butoxyethanol	0.75	0.1				
2-aminoethanol	0.4	0.053				
2,2'-iminodiethanol	<0.0075	<0.001				
sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate	0	0				
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	0	0				

Relative vapor density : Not available.

Relative density 1.075

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water hot water	Easily soluble Easily soluble

Solubility in water : Not available.

Miscible with water Yes.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
benzaldehyde	192	377.6	
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	>200	>392	
trisodium nitrilotriacetate	>200	>392	
2-butoxyethanol	230	446	DIN 51794
sodium xylenesulphonate	320.9	609.6	EU A.16
2-aminoethanol	410	770	
2,2'-iminodiethanol	662	1223.6	

Decomposition temperature: Not available. : Not available. **Viscosity**

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/18/2024 Version : 0.01 7/15 Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

acids

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	450 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	220 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	250 mg/kg	-
2-aminoethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1720 mg/kg	-
Silicic acid, sodium salt	LD50 Oral	Rat	1960 mg/kg	-
sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate	LD50 Oral	Rat	438 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
•				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
2-aminoethanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	=	250 ug	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	505 mg	-
Silicic acid, sodium salt	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	=	24 hours 10	-
				mg	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
sodium hydroxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Monkey	=	24 hours 1 %	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 %	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 1	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50	-
				ug	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	24 hours 2 %	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
sodium	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 %	-
dodecylbenzenesulfonate					
-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250	-
	_			ug	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	

Sensitization

Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/18/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 0.01 8/15

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
2-butoxyethanol	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	3.3	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-aminoethanol	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
2-butoxyethanol	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation, Eyes.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact

: Causes severe burns.

Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation

: No specific data.

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: skin lesion/eczema skin rash or hives conjunctivitis cornea dehydration pain coughing wheezing and breathing difficulties nausea or vomiting

Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/18/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 0.01 9/15

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	(3	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
Heavy Duty Stripper	7726.6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-butoxyethanol	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-aminoethanol	1720	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Silicic acid, sodium salt	1960	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate	438	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
•	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250 ppm Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
2-aminoethanol	Acute EC50 8.42 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute LC50 >100000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 170 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
Silicic acid, sodium salt	Acute EC50 0.4 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 494000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
sodium hydroxide	Acute EC50 40.38 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 125 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours
sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate	Acute EC50 29000 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlorella pyrenoidosa - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
•	Acute EC50 7.81 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.15 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.18 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/18/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 0.01 10/15

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-butoxyethanol	0.81	-	Low
2-aminoethanol	-1.31	-	Low
sodium	1.96	-	Low
dodecylbenzenesulfonate			

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760	UN1760
UN proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, n. o.s. (sodium hydroxide)	Corrosive liquid, n. o.s. (sodium hydroxide)	Corrosive liquid, n. o.s. (sodium hydroxide)	Corrosive liquid, n. o.s. (sodium hydroxide)	Corrosive liquid, n. o.s. (sodium hydroxide)
Transport hazard class(es)	CORNORME 8	8	8	8	88
Packing group	II	II	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

DOT Classification

: Reportable quantity 49019.6 lbs / 22254.9 kg [5469 gal / 20702.2 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

Limited quantity Yes.

TDG Classification

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.40-2.42 (Class 8), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 1

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/18/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 0.01 11/15

Section 14. Transport information

IATA

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: benzaldehyde

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: sodium hydroxide; sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** : Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

SARA 302/304

Classification : SKIN CORROSION - Category 1

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
2-butoxyethanol	≤5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
-		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
2-aminoethanol	≤3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Fatty acids, tall-oil, sodium salts	≤3	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Silicic acid, sodium salt	≤3	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
sodium hydroxide	≤3	CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1
•		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1A
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
sodium dodecylbenzenesulfonate	≤1.7	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4

Date of issue/Date of revision 12/15 : 10/18/2024 Version: 0.01 Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Section 15. Regulatory information

	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	≤5
Supplier notification	2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	≤5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: 2-BUTOXYETHANOL; Sodium Hydroxide Solution;

ETHANOLAMINE; SODIUM DODECYLBENZENE SULFONATE

New York The following components are listed: Sodium hydroxide; Sodium dodecylbenzene

sulfonate

New Jersey : The following components are listed: 2-BUTOXY ETHANOL; Sodium Hydroxide

Solution; ETHANOLAMINE; SODIUM DODECYLBENZENE SULFONATE

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: ETHANOL, 2-BUTOXY-; Sodium Hydroxide

Solution; ETHANOL, 2-AMINO-; BENZENESULFONIC ACID, DODECYL-, SODIUM

SALT

California Prop. 65

MARNING: This product can expose you to Diethanolamine, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Diethanolamine	-	-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Japan

Australia : All components are listed or exempted. Canada : All components are listed or exempted. China : All components are listed or exempted.

: Russian Federation inventory: All components are listed or exempted. **Eurasian Economic Union**

: Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted. **Philippines** : All components are listed or exempted. Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted.

13/15 Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/18/2024 Version: 0.01 Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Section 15. Regulatory information

Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.

Thailand : Not determined.
Turkey : Not determined.
United States : Not determined.

Viet Nam : All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
5 ,	On basis of test data On basis of test data

History

Date of printing : 10/22/2024 Date of issue/Date of : 10/18/2024

revision

Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Version : 0.01

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/18/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 0.01 14/15

Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 10/18/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 0.01 15/15